

Year: 3

Subject: RE

Unit of Study: RE—Islam

Linked Literature:

Who are Muslims?

Muslim Celebrations

Special Books in Islam

Islamic places of worship

Special people

Muslim family life

Vocabulary

Muslim	A follower of the religion of Islam
Islam	The 2nd most popular religion in the world
Allah	The Arabic name that Muslims use for God
5 pillars of Islam	The 5 things that Muslims are expected to do
Prophets	Special messengers sent from Allah
Muhammed	The last prophet and the key prophet in Islam
Ramadaram	Muslim month of fasting
Fast	To stop eating certain foods at certain times to focus on God more.

I need to know (continued):

- Muhammad is so highly respected by Muslims that they will say “peace be upon him” after his name is spoken, as a blessing.
- The word Islam means submission and obedience to Allah.
- Islam, Christianity and Judaism are all monotheistic religions. All followers believe in one god.
- As well as the 6 main beliefs, there are 5 pillars of Islam (things that they are expected to do).

Shahadah: Muslims say a declaration of faith.

Salah: Muslims pray five times a day. Before prayer, they must wash themselves and then face Mecca whilst praying.

Zakat: Muslims must donate to charities.

Sawm: Muslims fast for one month during a time called Ramadan.

Hajj: Muslims have to travel to Mecca once in their lifetime, if they can afford to.

Ramadan is a very important time for Muslims; Ramadan is observed all over the world. During Ramadan, Muslims request forgiveness for sins in the past, pray for direction and try to cleanse themselves through self-control and great acts of faith.

Restraint from everyday enjoyment is considered an act of obedience to God, as well as making amends for mistakes. Ramadan is a time for Muslims to pray (**salat**) more than normal. It is a time of fasting for the Islamic people; Fasting is one of the **Five Pillars** or duties of Islam.

I need to do:

Compare the origins of the Christian faith with the origins of Islam.

Compare the origins of Christianity with the origins of Islam.

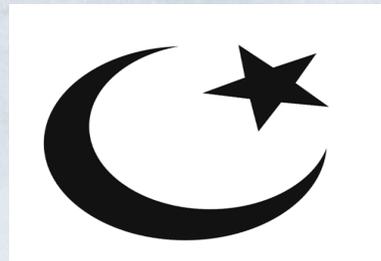
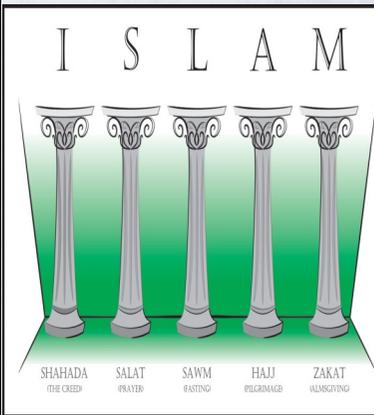
Look at different ways I can use to show what I think and believe about our world compared with Muslims.

Prior knowledge:

That there are many different religions around the world.

That everyone has different beliefs that we must respect.

Christianity and Judasim—similarities and differences.



I need to know:

- Muslims follow the religion Islam.
- Muslims believe that there is only one God, called Allah. They believe Allah is the only ruler of the universe.
- The crescent moon is often seen as a symbol of Islam.
- The prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) is often regarded as the founder of Islam. He was the last prophet to be sent by Allah. However the first prophet was Adam.
- Muslims have 6 main beliefs. Belief in Allah, angels, the holy book, prophets, the day of judgement and Predestination (Allah already knows what they will do).

Who are Muslims and what do they believe?

What happens at an Islamic wedding?

What is Ramadan?

How do Muslims celebrate Eid al Fitr?

Why do Muslims celebrate Eid al Adha?

What have we learnt about Islam?

Lesson content and skills	Learning in books	Evaluation
<p>1)Who are Muslims and what do they believe? Share PP / invite Azaan and Ayaan to be guest speakers.</p>	<p>Match images to the correct statements about the beliefs of Muslims.</p>	
<p>2)Islamic weddings</p>	<p>Complete a table / venn diagram comparing the similarities and differences between their experience of a Christian wedding and an Islamic wedding.</p>	
<p>3)Ramadan</p>	<p>Art work with Facts written about Ramadan.</p> 	
<p>4) Eid al Fitr</p>	<p>Collaboration of photos—children will sample traditional foods and make and exchange gifts/cards</p>	
<p>5)Eid al Adha</p>	<p>Collaboration of photos—Make decorations, traditional cards, mehndi patterns</p>	
<p>6)What have we learnt?</p>	<p>A double page spread using images, illustrations and facts about Muslims.</p>	